1. (W1:3) Visual check	on spelling	g the day in bol	ld.	T					
Friday		<u>Saturday</u>		Sunday			Monday		
2-3. (W1:4 Sp 1:11, 1:2 Magic (or silent) 'e' al						so 'ai' mak	es a long '	a' sound.	
Get a piece	of (plo	ane / pla	ı <u>in</u>) paper.	The	nest is	in the	(read	ls / <u>reeds</u>).	
4. (W1:5, Sp 1:27) For most nouns (naming w make the plural.			ds): just add 's' to	5. (W1:5, Sp 1:27) Nouns ending in a hiss sound 'sh': add 'es' for the plural to make an extra syllable and make it easier to say.					
one cake		two cake s		one brush			two brush es		
		'means 'not' or 'opposite'. When ad smooth		_		opposite n	_		
uneven 7. (W1:7. Sp. 1:28) Adding the suft		fix 'er' to a verb can turn it into a no		rough our (object) e.g. cook-cooker, wa		ker walk-w	long		
		opened the gate.			<u>walker</u>		ked	walking	
7-9. (W1:7, Sp 1:29) To	he suffix 'e	r' forms the co	mparative (comparing	2 things). Th	e suffix 'est	' forms the	superlativ	e (comparing 3 or	
Nan is old.	Gra	ndad is even old		•	Grandpa is d			old of all.	
0. (W1:8, Sp 1:11, 1:1 ts name (long 'a' soun			making the 'a' say	11. (W1:8, S thief, but ca				ee' sound e.g. field, .tie, pie)	
awai <u>av</u>		<u>vay</u>	awey	the	ef	thief		theaf	
2. (W1:8, Sp 1:19) A j y) but can also make				13. (W1:8, S name 'I' (e.			ent) 'e' ma	kes the vowel say its	
cri	C	riy	<u>cry</u>	<u>shir</u>	<u>shine</u>		yn	shyn	
4. (W1:13) Letters for	rmed in sim	ilar wavs are c	called 'families'. Ther	e are 'long la	dders' (dow	n and off:	i, j, l, t, u,	v), 'one armed robots	
			caterpillars' (anti-cloc						
i		<u>z</u>					j		
5. (W1:20) Coordinat	ing conjun	ctions join two	independent (or equa	ıl) clauses or .	sentences to	make a co	mpound s	entence.	
Ken likes to	(<u>and</u> /	but) he like			s to re	ead books.			
6. (W1:20) Coordinat	ing conjun	ctions usually	occurs mid-sentence.						
She took a piece of cake (/ <u>but</u>) she			e didn't eat it.		
7. (W1:21) An exclam hrase or sentence to s	18. (W1:21) A question mark is used at the end of a word, phrase or sentence that asks a question. It is used in place of the full stop.								
Wait!				Who said that?					
	_		w the start of a sentend n's name (proper nour		sonal prono	oun 'I' <u>me</u> a	ning 'me <u>'</u> .		
When am I going to Wales?				I had tea with A my and J ohn.					